

KITCHENER IN FOR LONG FIGHT

London, Eng., Aug. 25.—"Congratulations to the troops on their splendid work. We are proud of them." is the message sent by Lord Kitchener, British minister of war, to Sir John French, commander of Great Britain's expeditionary force in France and Belgium.

"Our troops have been for 24 hours in contact with the superior forces of the German invader on the French northwest frontier. During that time they maintained the best traditions of the British soldier and behaved with the utmost gallantry," said Lord Kitchener in his first speech in the house of lords. The movements they have been called on to execute have been those which demanded the greatest steadiness of a soldier and skill in the commanders.

Kitchener Exhibits Fighting Spirit.
"The terms on which I am serving are the same as those under which some of the finest portions of our manhood, now so willingly stepping forward to join the colors, are engaging. That is to say, in terms of the duration of the war, or for three years if the war should last longer than that. I have been asked why this period has been limited. It is because that if this war is prolonged, and no one can foretell for a certainty its duration, that after three years of war others will take our places and see this matter through.

Kind to Aid France.
"We know how deeply the French people appreciate and value the prompt assistance," Lord Kitchener continued, "that we have been able to afford them at the very outset of the war, but our troops must also prove a factor of high military significance in restricting the sphere and determining the duration of hostilities.

Sympathizes With Belgium.
"If the conditions of the war had permitted, every one in this country would have been rejoiced if they could have been ranged alongside the gallant Belgian army in its heroic struggle against the desperate odds which just has been witnessed. But although the privilege, perhaps, has been denied, Belgium knows of our sympathy with her in her sufferings and our indignation at the blows which have been inflicted upon her, and also of our resolution to make sure that none of her sacrifices will have been unavailing.

Has Vast Soldier Reserve.
"While other countries engaged in this war have under their systems of compulsory service brought their full resources into the field, we, under our national system, have not been so compelled. Therefore, we still have a vast reserve to draw from the resources of both the mother country and the dominions.

"The response which already has been made by the dominions abundantly proves that we have not looked in vain to those sources of military strength. Over 100 battalions have with fine courage already volunteered for service abroad. When they are trained and organized in larger formations they will be able to take their places in the line.

May Have 20 Divisions.
"The scale of the field army which we are now calling into being is large and may reach 20 divisions."

Miss Anna Hughes, of "Everybody's," has returned from the New York market, where she has spent the past night weeks.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey
exerts a very agreeable and beneficial action upon the digestion.

Get Duffy's and Keep Well



**Don't Merely Buy a
Diamond Buy
a Hixson Diamond**

As you well know, there is a difference in diamonds, and when you get ready to purchase one you should safeguard yourself by buying the best. The best diamonds sold in the Southwest are found here.

Our recently introduced diamond certificate makes it possible for any one to own a Hixson Diamond. These certificates are issued in \$10.00 denominations and bear five per cent interest from date of issue. Call or correspond.

**W. T. HIXSON
COMPANY**

Roberts-Banner Bldg.

Mills and Mesa.

"The Gift House of the Southwest"

ALLIES BATTLE WITH GERMANY

(Continued From Page One.)

and the air became thick with cannon powder. The great battle had begun. Forward went the infantry. Rifle fire and machine gun fire added to the boom of the big guns. Smoke mingled with the glow of burning forests and the flash of guns.

Germany Makes Supreme Effort.
"The great battle, which is now in full swing along the whole French, British and Belgian line, is really a series of linked battles forming what may well be the decisive engagement of western Europe. It is a supreme effort by Germany to break into France, an effort which, if stopped, must mean disaster to 150,000 German soldiers.

Belgians Destroy German Defences.
A dispatch from Antwerp to the Exchange Telegraph company says the Belgians have succeeded in destroying defensive works constructed by the Germans.

German Quickly Silenced Forts.
The Paris correspondent of the Times, who was on the battle field earlier in the fighting, says that Belgium, a few miles outside of Philippeville, a Belgian officer and the paymaster general of Namur, who told him the town of Namur had been occupied by the Germans. It had been subjected to a furious bombardment and the German fire was so well regulated that the first few shots at Fort D'ave and Fort Marchevallat on the northeast and fort Malzeville on the east. Fort D'ave also suffered badly and was almost out of action.

Defied Gas and Electrocutation.
The story continues:
"The Germans entered the town without encountering much resistance. Fort D'ave at the southeast of the town and Fort Weipon on the opposite side of the Meuse and the line of forts to the north still resist."

Both Sides Lose Heavily.
"At a o'clock in the evening the fighting ceased, both sides being worn out. On the next morning before dawn the French artillery again bombarded Charleroi and once more the troops of France swarmed the slope toward the lower part of the town, capturing the villages of Chatelet, Marcholette, Marchienne and Couillet. The fighting at this stage of the engagement was attended by heavy losses on both sides. Charleroi, which was in the center of the action, is an industrial mining district, and in the surrounding country the French found admirable vantage ground, while in upper Alsace the Germans mounted Mitralleuses in every

steep slope of the town. In the face of a withering fire from the German Mitralleuses the French again entered the unhappy town of Charleroi and a fierce fighting drove the Germans in confusion across the Sambre river. The French entered a city littered with dead, battered by shell fire and devastated by every instrument of modern warfare.

Officers Shot While Eating.
"Outside a dilapidated inn could be seen the figure of a German officer, the head bowed over a basin of water and a lather of soap on the face. He had been shot while in the act of washing. Another officer lay across a table, his hand holding a coffee cup which he was raising to his lips when death found him. In every part of the city houses were in flames or smoldering. Every cellar was occupied by terror-stricken inhabitants."

Fish With Rifles During Fighting.
Returning from the front, a correspondent of the Times gave the following under a Paris date:
"At Mons the British troops have managed themselves at some. Preparations for the city's defense were extremely comforting in their workmanlike detail. In the woods lurked innumerable field guns. Everywhere in the town confidence was dominant."

German Cavalrymen Killed.
The next day the correspondent proceeded to Tournai, where he found the populace in great alarm. Six German cavalrymen motored into the town and asked whether there were any French soldiers. They were told that there were none, but later in the day French troops entered the place and killed the six Germans. The next morning a large force of Germans attacked the town and was repulsed.

Protesting to Valenciennes.
The correspondent found that troop trains filled with British soldiers were continually arriving there. The officers were in absolute possession of the refreshment bars and no food was obtainable. The correspondent continued:

Near Charleroi I heard some
recounts of the bravery of the French soldiers. The Germans were bombarding the city. The French troops made what amounted to a medieval sortie, but finding the enemy in much greater force than was expected, were compelled to withdraw.

Paras Brought German Guns.
"The bombardment continued relentlessly, whereupon the French troops picked troops from Algeria, debouched from the town and with a gallantry which must surely live in history, charged the German batteries and bayoneted all the guns. Their losses, it is said, exceeded those of the light brigade at Balaklava. Of a battalion, only 100 men, it is reported, returned unscathed. Their bravery, however, was powerless against the German cannon, which steadily poured through the outskirts of Charleroi to the very heart of the town."

Killed Remains Upright.
"There, in the narrow streets, the Germans were in the front. The French infantrymen told me that the roads became so jammed with dead that the killed remained standing upright where they had been shot."

The last stand of the French
was made before the railway station in front of which passed the canal. Here the Germans fought for two hours to take the bridges. After they had captured the station with heavy casualties the Germans moved ahead, taking various suburban villages."

Protests Against Atrocity Attack.
The Daily News publishes a dispatch from its Antwerp correspondent saying it is reported there that the American minister to Belgium, Brand Whitlock, has sent an energetic protest to the German government against the bombing of bombs into Antwerp from a Zeppelin airship.

A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram
company from its Antwerp correspondent says that another raid on the city by a Zeppelin airship was attempted Tuesday night. The effective measures taken by the Belgian military authorities, the correspondent continues, caused the German airship to retire.

Austria to Fight Japan.
A dispatch from Vienna to the Reuter Telegram company by way of Amsterdam gives the official announcement that the Austrian government on Tuesday handed his passport to the Japanese ambassador. The Austrian ambassador, it also announced, has been recalled.

War Levy Is Increased.
A dispatch to the Morning Post from Antwerp says:
"In addition to the German war levy of \$10,000,000 on Brussels, the province of Brabant has been levied on for \$20,000,000 to be paid by September 1."

The German officers at Brussels
are living riotously. The city's supply of champagne is becoming exhausted. The royal palaces have been invaded by German officers."

Russians on Offensive.
The Russian general staff, in an official communication published by their armies continue on the offensive. The communication was telegraphed to Reuter's Telegram company by its St. Petersburg correspondent. Dated August 25, the communication says:
"The Austrian rear guard, supported by artillery, attempted to hamper our march on the river Sereth, in the region of Tarnopol, but after a series of fights they were repulsed."

We continue to act on the offensive.
We have taken numerous wagons, two quick firing guns and much ammunition to the south of Grönibach; we brought down an Austrian aeroplane, killing two officers and wounding a third. Our cavalry destroyed railway communication across the bridge at Kamenka. The Germans abandoned, without having fired a shot, a position previously fortified on the river Angerapp. The roads beyond the Angerapp are strewn with cartridges, shells and knapsacks thrown away by the enemy with the object of helping their retreat."

Occupied Prussian Towns.
"Our troops occupied the towns of Insterberg and Angerberg, 22 miles south of Insterberg (east Prussia). On August 23 and 24, in the region north of Kedenburg we fought a successful but sanguinary engagement with important forces of Germans. In the same region, 20th army corps, consisting of three legions, occupied the fortified positions of Orlau and Frankensau."

On Sunday and Monday our troops,
facing entrenchments and wire entanglements, attacked these positions, using hand grenades and bayonets. Towards 11 o'clock the German army corps was enveloped by us on the left flank and fled to Osterode (18 miles northeast of Göttingen, in the province of Hanover), abandoning several cannon, quick firers, ammunition cases and prisoners."

Belgian Palace Abandoned.
The Belgian royal family will abandon the temporary palace, establishing themselves in a secret place in the city as a result of an attack by a Zeppelin airship, according to the Morning Post's correspondent at Antwerp.

"The attack," he adds, "was evidently designed against the royal family. The warrior of the air stole silently over the forts outside the city, against which no assault was made, and steered toward the palace where it dropped six explosive bombs. Although it landed within the palace grounds, one narrowly escaped wrecking the Antwerp cathedral and there found human victims."

"The first physician to arrive on the

EL PASO HERALD

scene was Maj. Louis S. Seaman, who served as a surgeon in the Spanish-American war. He spent the entire day attending the wounded.

Atrocity Kills 26.
"The civil population is naturally much alarmed, although the greatest anxiety is felt for the safety of king Albert's household. A reconstruction of the German bombs by military experts shows they were ten inches in diameter, with an envelope one inch thick. Their percussion caps were loaded with porite. It is believed the work of the airship was assisted by local spies, for whom the military is making a painstaking search."

A dispatch from Amsterdam
says that the Antwerp correspondent of the Telegraph reports that the airship's trip across the city occupied 30 minutes. She was drifting down the river without using the propellers lost their noise when the city.

The correspondent says the deaths due to the bombs of the Zeppelin numbered 26.

AUSTRIA WON'T MAKE WAR AGAINST ITALY

Rome, Italy, Aug. 25.—According to advices from Vienna, Gen. Conrad, chief of the Austrian staff, has sent the following message to the Italian government:

"The reports published in Italy that Austria-Hungary has aggressive intentions against Italy in order to participate in the war, are absolutely without foundation."

GERMANS AT TSING TAU
WILL RESIST TO DEATH
Peking, China, Aug. 25.—A letter received here from an American at Tsing Tau, the seaport of the German territory of Kiaochow, says it is considered there that emperor William's telegram to the German government to resist to the utmost the virtual death warrant of every member of the force against the German people," he said.

"But our beloved France must be protected from invasion if it costs every drop of French blood in the republic."

EL PASOAN WITH THE FRENCH ARMY, SAID

Paris, France, Aug. 25.—Among the American volunteers who left here yesterday for Rouen for a period of training under French army officers are E. Phelipot, of Tucson, Ariz., and L. D. Oracy, of El Paso, Texas.

FRENCH RESERVIST HERE
ON WAY HOME TO FIGHT.
French reservists continue to come to El Paso en route to France to fight for their country. E. J. Rabat, a member of the seventh regiment of French infantry, 17th army corps, for three years and a reservist until he is 45 years old, was here Wednesday to report to the French consul and return to fight if his services were needed. Rabat has been working as a waiter in this country, but gave up his job to return and join his old regiment. "We have nothing against the German people," he said.

"But our beloved France must be protected from invasion if it costs every drop of French blood in the republic."

"The official announcement today sets forth that King Albert of Belgium has promoted Lieut. Gen. Bertrand to the rank of full general, as a reward for his excellent conduct before the enemy."

This Week's Bargains.
Beautiful Story & Clark Piano, for only \$25.00. Original cost was \$475.00. You will be surprised at the low price when you see the fine condition of the piano. Good for at least 20 years service, and fully guaranteed by the Oldest Piano House in El Paso. El Paso Piano Co., 288 South Side of Texas St. Easy payments if desired.—Advertisement

EL PASOAN WITH THE FRENCH ARMY, SAID

Paris, France, Aug. 25.—Among the American volunteers who left here yesterday for Rouen for a period of training under French army officers are E. Phelipot, of Tucson, Ariz., and L. D. Oracy, of El Paso, Texas.

FRENCH RESERVIST HERE
ON WAY HOME TO FIGHT.
French reservists continue to come to El Paso en route to France to fight for their country. E. J. Rabat, a member of the seventh regiment of French infantry, 17th army corps, for three years and a reservist until he is 45 years old, was here Wednesday to report to the French consul and return to fight if his services were needed. Rabat has been working as a waiter in this country, but gave up his job to return and join his old regiment. "We have nothing against the German people," he said.

"But our beloved France must be protected from invasion if it costs every drop of French blood in the republic."

"The official announcement today sets forth that King Albert of Belgium has promoted Lieut. Gen. Bertrand to the rank of full general, as a reward for his excellent conduct before the enemy."

This Week's Bargains.
Beautiful Story & Clark Piano, for only \$25.00. Original cost was \$475.00. You will be surprised at the low price when you see the fine condition of the piano. Good for at least 20 years service, and fully guaranteed by the Oldest Piano House in El Paso. El Paso Piano Co., 288 South Side of Texas St. Easy payments if desired.—Advertisement

GERMAN BOYS ARE ORDERED TO TRAIN

London, Eng., Aug. 25.—The official news bureau says: "The German papers of August 23 and 24 published orders that boys from 15 to 19 years of age shall be put through a course of military and military training. Retired officers are engaged as instructors."

Belgian General Promoted.
Antwerp, via London, Aug. 25.—An official announcement today sets forth that King Albert of Belgium has promoted Lieut. Gen. Bertrand to the rank of full general, as a reward for his excellent conduct before the enemy."

This Week's Bargains.
Beautiful Story & Clark Piano, for only \$25.00. Original cost was \$475.00. You will be surprised at the low price when you see the fine condition of the piano. Good for at least 20 years service, and fully guaranteed by the Oldest Piano House in El Paso. El Paso Piano Co., 288 South Side of Texas St. Easy payments if desired.—Advertisement

"The official announcement today sets forth that King Albert of Belgium has promoted Lieut. Gen. Bertrand to the rank of full general, as a reward for his excellent conduct before the enemy."

This Week's Bargains.
Beautiful Story & Clark Piano, for only \$25.00. Original cost was \$475.00. You will be surprised at the low price when you see the fine condition of the piano. Good for at least 20 years service, and fully guaranteed by the Oldest Piano House in El Paso. El Paso Piano Co., 288 South Side of Texas St. Easy payments if desired.—Advertisement

Late Novelties in Neckw'n.
Among the "Just in" are a fascinating gathering of Autumn Styles in Neckwear, embracing gimpes, chemises, vests and collars in unique designs. 50c TO \$2.50

The Popular
DRY GOODS CO. INC.

Beautiful Girdles—Just In
The new Girdles show a marked favor for stripe effects—Roman or black and white, striped, gathered and plain styles—wide or wider. \$1.00 AND \$2.00

Just Unpacked—Fifty New Autumn Suits
That Offer the Most Remarkable Values Ever Shown at This Store

These Suits are characteristic of "Popular" offerings—they reveal the new style features of the Autumn Season in every line—from the long coat flaring away at the bottom to the cleverly fashioned collar, which, by the way, can be removed, leaving the regulation tailored collar in its place. We might say that these Suits are worth a much larger price, but this we will leave to your judgment. We place these fifty Suits on sale tomorrow—in three Splendid Groups.

GROUP NO. 1— New Autumn Suits at \$12.50	GROUP NO. 2— New Autumn Suits at \$15.00	GROUP NO. 3— New Autumn Suits at \$19.50
---	---	---

These three groups will not tarry long at these prices—hence we would urge an early selection. Materials offer a broad choosing of entirely new weaves in novelty materials and solid shades, including the new shades of green, ocean blue, navy, tan, brown and black. Models embrace the favored Redingote, Norfolk and Cape Styles. Linings are luxurious satins and trimmings are of silk velvets and handsome buttons. Shown on Third Floor.

New Velvet Hats Have Arrived
From the East. We Mark Them

\$3.95

A gathering that embraces over half a hundred new Autumn Models, most of them in black velvet and silver cloth—though quite a few are in white satin or a combination of satin and velvet. Adaptations of French models—of course—but Paris-inspired nevertheless, at a "Popular" pricing. The clever artistic touch of the master hand is revealed in the placing of band, bow, feather or wing. Some in black entire, many in black and white, others relieved by the combining of cloth of silver. Turbans, saucy, chic; Bonnets—demure and quiet; Sailors, wide of brim or narrow, dashing, impressive. Such is the choosing that this new shipment brings to our customers—**\$3.95**

The New Fall 'Gossard' Models are Here
To the woman of fashion a "Gossard" Corset is as necessary as the frock—for without the "Gossard" the frock would instantly lose its distinctiveness. "Gossard" Corsets are designed—not after the styles of the season—but in anticipation of the new. The "Moyen Age"—(or middle age)—uncorseted effect is attained to perfection through a "Gossard." "Gossard" Corsets are Front Lacing.

AND "GOSSARD CORSETS"—ARE NOT HIGH PRICED—Ranging in Price from \$2.00 UP TO \$8.50
And a Cute Little Misses' Model—at \$2.00.

"MME. LYRA" CORSETS—In all the new Fall Models—Are ready for your selection. A back lacing corset of excellent qualities—designed to meet the requirements of the most fastidious women.

"MME. LYRA" CORSETS ARE PRICED \$5.00 TO \$15.00
Our corsetiere will be pleased to assist you in selections and fittings.

Let Us Show You The New Pumps and Low Shoes For Early Fall Wear
Up to the moment in Style—in a broad selection of the most favored Leathers.

To The "Popular" For School Shoes
Our Juvenile Department is ready to supply your every want in Shoes for school wear—for boys or girls. "Popular" School Shoes are built for service. A complete new line is offered, embracing all leathers—pumps, Oxfords or shoes. Competent salespeople will fit your children's feet correctly. Prices are quite moderate, ranging upward from, according to size, 50c TO \$3.50

The Popular
DRY GOODS CO. INC.

Baby Doll Boots
Among the new things in Juvenile footwear are the "Baby Doll" Boots. A plain toe, patent leather button shoe with low heel and welt sole. This makes an attractive dress shoe for the young miss. Shown in all sizes.

Grown Girls— sizes 2 1/2 to 6.....	\$3.50
Misses— sizes 11 1/2 to 2.....	\$2.50
Children— sizes 8 1/2 to 11.....	\$2.00
Infant's— sizes 5 1/2 to 8.....	\$1.75